UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): March 2, 2020

Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware	**001-38529**	**46-3137900**
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)	**(Commission File Number)**	**(IRS Employer Identification No.)**

10 North High Street, Suite 200 **West Chester, PA** **(Address of Principal Executive Offices)**	**19380** **(Zip Code)**

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (484) 453-3300

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

Title of each class	Trading symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock	**VRCA**	**The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ☒

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☒

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On March 2, 2020, Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc. (the "***Company***") will be updating its company overview presentation on its website, a copy of which is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K (including Exhibit 99.1) is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "***Exchange Act***"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Company Presentation.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Verrica Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Date: March 2, 2020

/s/ A. Brian Davis
A. Brian Davis
Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 99.1

VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS
Reinventing Skin Science

Company Overview

March 2020

DISCLAIMER

Certain information contained in this presentation and statements made orally during this presentation relates to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and Verrica's own internal estimates and research. While Verrica believes these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, it has not independently verified, and makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third-party sources. While Verrica believes its internal research is reliable, such research has not been verified by any independent source.

This presentation contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, our clinical results and other future conditions. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this presentation, including statements regarding future results of operations and financial position, business strategy, current and prospective product candidates, planned clinical trials and preclinical activities, product approvals, degree of market acceptance of approved products, research and development costs, current and prospective collaborations, timing and likelihood of success, plans and objectives of management for future operations, and future results of anticipated product candidates, are forward-looking statements. The words "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "could," "intend," "target," "project," "estimate," "believe," "predict," "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

The information in this presentation, including without limitation the forward-looking statements contained herein, represent our views as of the date of this presentation. Although we believe the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise. No representations or warranties (expressed or implied) are made about the accuracy of any such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this presentation involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in such statements. Risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially include uncertainties inherent in the drug development process and the regulatory approval process, our reliance on third parties over which we may not always have full control, and other risks and uncertainties that are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 7, 2019, and our other filings made with the SEC. New risk factors and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risk factors and uncertainties. There can be no assurance that the opportunity will meet your investment objectives, that you will receive a return of all or part of such investment. Investment results may vary significantly over any given time period. The appropriateness of a particular investment or strategy will depend on an investor's individual circumstances and objectives. We recommend that investors independently evaluate specific investments and strategies.

INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

Two of the Largest Unmet Needs in Dermatology
- Prevalence of ~6 million in molluscum contagiosum[1] and ~22 million in common warts in the U.S.[2]
- No FDA approved drugs to treat molluscum or warts

July 13, 2020 PDUFA Date for Ycanth™ (VP-102) for the Treatment of Molluscum Contagiosum

Positive Phase 3 Results in Molluscum Contagiosum
- Achieved statistical significance for primary endpoints in our Phase 3 CAMP-1 and CAMP-2 pivotal trials for Ycanth™ (VP-102)
- P-value <0.0001 for primary endpoint in both pivotal trials

Positive Topline Phase 2 Results in Common Warts
- VP-102 achieved positive results on both the primary endpoint of complete clearance of all treatable warts at Week 12 (Day 84) and the secondary endpoint of the percentage reduction of warts

Innovative Product Candidate
- Drug-device combination of a proprietary formulation and a novel single-use applicator

Physician Acceptance
- 95% of pediatric dermatologists have used API[3]

Barriers to Competition
- New chemical entity regulatory exclusivity upon approval
- IP pending on product candidate, including on novel formulation, applicator and methods of use
- Drug-device combination makes a 'true generic' unlikely

Proven Team
- Industry-leading, experienced management team with extensive clinical development and product launch experience

(1) Prevalence in the US of 5.1% to 11.5% in children aged 0-16 years. (Fam Pract. 2014 Apr;31(2):130-6). US Census estimates ~69.4MM children aged 0 to 16 years in 2016.
(2) IMS National Disease and Therapeutic Index (NDTI) Rolling 5 Years Ending June 2016. Nguyen et al, Laser Treatment of Nongenital Verrucae A Systemic Review. JAMA Dermatology. 2016; 152(9): 1025-1033
(3) Based on a survey of 115 dermatologists the results of which have been extrapolated to pediatric dermatologists.

OUR PRODUCT PORTFOLIO

		PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1	PHASE 2	PHASE 3	NDA ACCEPTANCE	NEXT EXPECTED MILESTONE
YCANTH	Molluscum Contagiosum	●	→	→	→	→	PDUFA Goal Date: July 13, 2020
VP-102	Common Warts	●	→	→	→		Initiate pivotal Phase 3 trials in 1H 2020
VP-102	External Genital Warts	●	→	→			Topline Phase 2 results in 2H 2020
VP-103	Plantar Warts	●	→	→			Initiate Phase 2 trial Mid 2020

We retain exclusive, royalty-free rights to our product candidates across all indications globally

TWO OF THE LARGEST UNMET NEEDS IN DERMATOLOGY

Molluscum

US Prevalence of **~6 million**(1) with **~1 million diagnosed annually**(2)

85%
Not Diagnosed
5.1 million

15%
Diagnosed
0.9 million

Common Warts

US Prevalence of **~22 million**(3) with **~1.5 million diagnosed annually**(4)

22M
Prevalence in U.S.

1.5M
Patients Diagnosed Annually

(1) Prevalence in the US of 5.1% to 11.5% in children aged 0-16 years. (Fam Pract. 2014 Apr;31(2):130-6). US Census estimates ~69.4MM children aged 0 to 16 years in 2016.
(2) IQVIA projected dataset for 12 months ending October 2017
(3) IMS National Disease and Therapeutic Index (NDTI) Rolling 5 Years Ending June 2016. Nguyen et al, Laser Treatment of Nongenital Verrucae A Systemic Review. JAMA Dermatology. 2016; 152(9): 1025-1033
(4) IQVIA Anonymous Longitudinal Patient Level Data (APLD) for 12 months ending September 2018

THE PROBLEM

Molluscum Contagiosum

MOLLUSCUM BACKGROUND

OVERVIEW

Caused by a pox virus

Primarily infects children, with the highest incidence occurring in children <14 years old

Highly contagious

If untreated, lesions persist an average of 13 months, with some cases remaining unresolved for 2+ years

Often leads to anxiety and social challenges for the patients and parents and negatively impacts quality of life

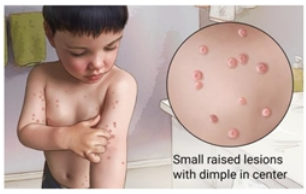
ETIOLOGY AND CLINICAL PRESENTATION

Transmission

- Skin to skin contact
- Sharing of contaminated objects (e.g., clothing, towels, swimming pool toys)

Diagnosis & Symptoms

- Typically 10 to 30 lesions
- 100+ lesions can be observed
- Lesions may be the only sign of infection and are often painless
- Can be diagnosed with skin biopsy to differentiate from other lesions



Complications

- Skin irritation, inflammation, and re-infection
- Follicular or papillary conjunctivitis if lesions on eyelids
- Cellulitis

VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS

CURRENT TREATMENTS FOR MOLLUSCUM ARE NOT FDA APPROVED AND HAVE MANY LIMITATIONS

Broad use limited by unproven efficacy, scarring, lack of availability, safety concerns & pain

Significantly undertreated patient population

	DESCRIPTION	LIMITATIONS
Cryotherapy	Freezing the lesions with liquid nitrogen	• Pain and scarring • Unsuitable for use in children
Curettage	Using a curette or a surgical instrument with a scoop at the tip to scrape the lesions	• Pain and scarring • Unsuitable for use in children
Laser Surgery	Applying a laser to target and destroy the lesions	• Pain, cost and lack of availability • Unsuitable for use in children
Topical Products	Applying various acids (e.g. salicylic acid), creams or blistering solutions to destroy the lesions	• Unproven efficacy
Off-Label Drugs	Retinoids, antiviral medicines, or immune modulating therapies	• Limited efficacy • Side-effects
Natural Remedies	Applying natural oils (e.g. tea tree oil) with antimicrobial properties	• Unproven efficacy • Pain, irritation and allergic reactions

VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS

THE SOLUTION

YCANTH™
(VP-102)

YCANTH (VP-102) IS A PROPRIETARY DRUG-DEVICE COMBINATION OF CANTHARIDIN ADMINISTERED THROUGH OUR SINGLE-USE PRECISION APPLICATOR

GMP-controlled new formulation of 0.7% w/v cantharidin

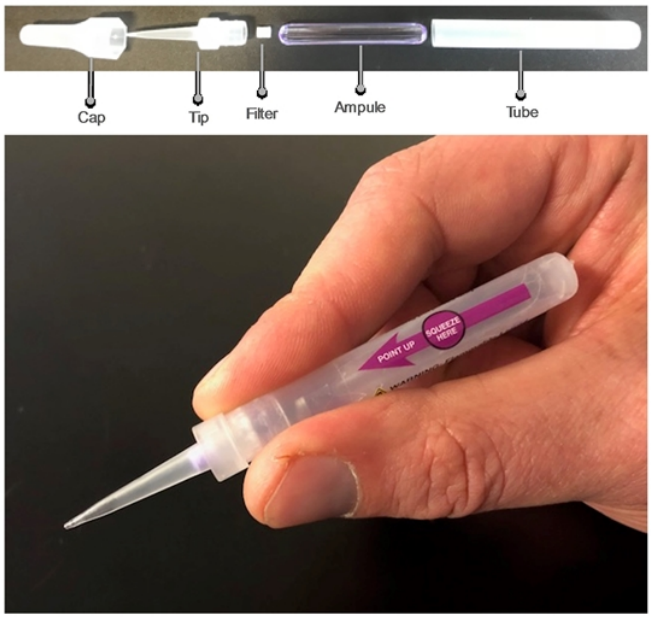
- Consistent and shelf-stable

Single-use applicator to reduce cross-contamination and allow for more effective application of drug by HCP

Visualization agent to identify treated lesions

Bittering agent to deter oral ingestion

Clinician administered, **In-Office** Procedure



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Molluscum Clinical Evidence

WE HAVE SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED TWO PIVOTAL PHASE 3 TRIALS (CAMP-1 & CAMP-2) IN MOLLUSCUM

Trial Design

Two identically designed, randomized, double-blinded, multicenter, placebo controlled trials

CAMP-1 conducted under FDA Special Protocol Assessment (SPA)

12-week study period

Endpoints

Primary:
Percent of subjects with complete clearance of molluscum at Day 84

Secondary:
Percent of subjects with complete clearance at week 3, 6, and 9
Safety & tolerability

Population

Subjects 2+ years of age with MC lesions who have not received any type of treatment within the past 14 days
Enrollment complete with 266 subjects for CAMP-1 and 262 subjects for CAMP-2

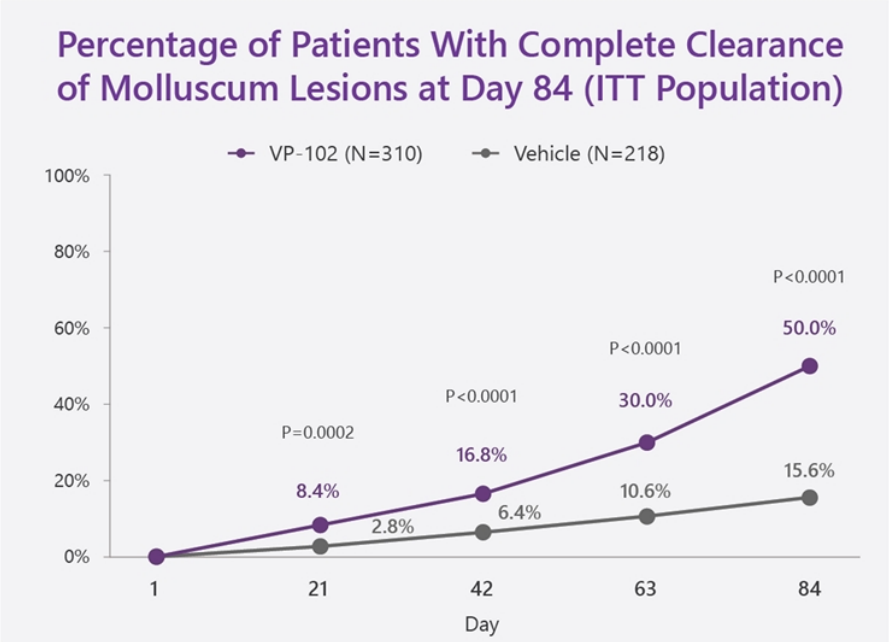
Application

Study drug (VP-102 or placebo) is administered topically to all treatable lesions every 21 days until clearance or a maximum of 4 applications

VP-102 or placebo will be left on for 24 hours before removal with soap and warm water

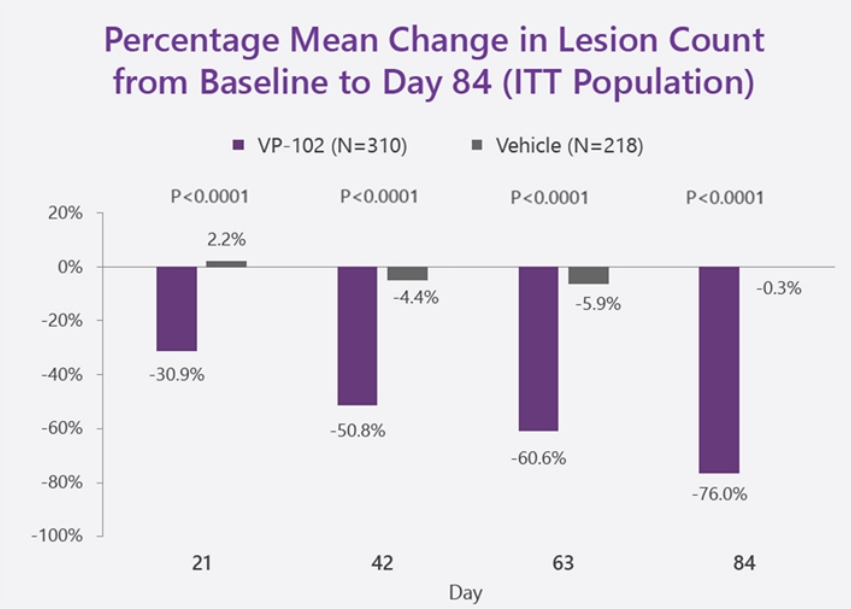
VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS

PHASE 3 STUDIES IN MOLLUSCUM DEMONSTRATE STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT EFFICACY ON PRIMARY ENDPOINT OF COMPLETE CLEARANCE



Note: Slide reflects pooled data from Phase 3 molluscum trials (CAMP-1 and CAMP-2)

PHASE 3 STUDIES IN MOLLUSCUM DEMONSTRATE STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT EFFICACY ON PERCENT REDUCTION OF LESIONS



Note: Slide reflects pooled data from Phase 3 molluscum trials (CAMP-1 and CAMP-2)

PHASE 3 DISCONTINUATION RATES DUE TO TREATMENT-RELATED ADVERSE EVENTS

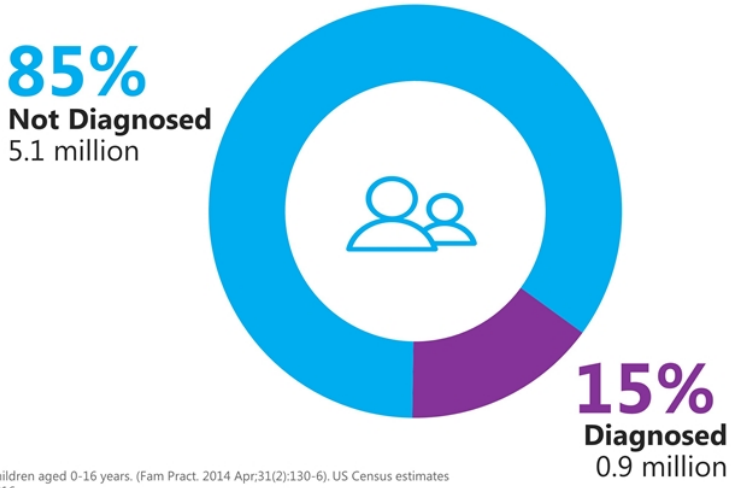
N (%)	VP-102 (N=311)	Vehicle (N=216)
Application Site Vesicles	5 (1.6)	0 (0)
Application Site Pain	3 (1.0)	0 (0)
Application Site Pruritus	1 (0.3)	0 (0)
Contact Dermatitis	1 (0.3)	0 (0)
Total Discontinuation Rate	**6 (1.9)**	**0 (0)**

Note: Slide reflects pooled data from Phase 3 molluscum trials (CAMP-1 and CAMP-2)

MC Commercial Opportunity

REALIZING THE MOLLUSCUM OPPORTUNITY

US Prevalence of **~6 million in molluscum**[1] with **~1 million diagnosed annually**[2]



(1) Prevalence in the US of 5.1% to 11.5% in children aged 0-16 years. (Fam Pract. 2014 Apr;31(2):130-6). US Census estimates ~69.4MM children aged 0 to 16 years in 2016.
(2) IQVIA projected dataset for 12 months ending October 2017

DERMATOLOGISTS ARE FAMILIAR WITH API USED IN YCANTH™ (VP-102) & WOULD USE IF AVAILABLE

Physicians who do not use the API of Ycanth™ (VP-102) **stated inaccessibility as a primary reason why they are not using**[1]

Physicians reported they **would use Ycanth™ (VP-102) if the cost of the drug was covered**[2]

(1) Pompei DT et al. Cantharidin Therapy: Practice patterns and attitudes of health care providers. Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology. 2013; 68(6). Survey of 400 healthcare providers, 87.7% of responders were US based dermatologists.
(2) Company survey of 40 physicians.

PHYSICIANS ARE HIGHLY FAVORABLE TO YCANTH (VP-102) PROFILE

Derms and Ped Derms (1)

KEY REASONS TO USE IF APPROVED

- Efficacy
- Precise and pain free application
- FDA approval
- Convenience of administration

Pediatricians (1)

KEY REASONS TO USE IF APPROVED

- Efficacy
- Fits into their current office model

Frustrated with not treating and having no viable options

Scale of 1 (unlikely to use at all) **to 7** (highly likely to use)

(1) Physician Qualitative research- one-hour individual interviews [n=30 Pediatricians, 13 Dermatologist, 5 Pediatric Dermatologists]

INITIAL PAYER RESEARCH SUGGESTS FAVORABLE REIMBURSEMENT LANDSCAPE FOR YCANTH™ (VP-102)

	COHORT SIZE	AVERAGE LIVES COVERED
Medical Directors	7	9.8M
Pharmacy Directors	6	4.2M
IDN Stakeholders	2	6.5M

Source: Third party study commissioned by the Company.

The 15 Payer Organizations and Plans Represented in the Interviews **Cover a Total of 105 Million Commercial & Medicaid Lives**

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INITIAL PAYER RESEARCH SUGGESTS FAVORABLE REIMBURSEMENT LANDSCAPE FOR YCANTH™ (VP-102)

Key Takeaways

1. Payers interviewed **recognize a significant unmet need** for molluscum contagiosum and lack of an effective treatment
2. Some of the **key concerns** mentioned about the undertreatment of the condition include the **risk of infection, scarring, or spread of the disease**
3. Payers **perceived YCANTH™ (VP-102) to be highly favorable** based on the majority of patients experiencing clearance within 12 weeks
4. Given the unmet need and favorable clinical outcomes in Phase 2 trials, **payers anticipate the majority of patients would have access to YCANTH™ (VP-102)** with minimal to no restrictions

Source: Third party study commissioned by the Company.

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INTEGRATED COMMERCIAL APPROACH WITH MULTIPLE STRATEGIC LEVERS

Commercial Strategy

KOL Engagement

Strong established relationships and support

Buy and Bill or Specialty Pharmacy

Distribution with supportive HUB services

Dedicated field reimbursement Team

Specialized Sales Team

Targeting office based dermatologists and select pediatricians

Dedicated Institutional Team

Specialists to promote to pediatric dermatologists in academic settings and group practices

Disease Awareness

Increase treatment seekers through cost-efficient consumer advertising

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VERRICA HAS SEVERAL POTENTIAL WAYS TO MAINTAIN EXCLUSIVITY

Regulatory Exclusivity

5.5 years of exclusivity for cantharidin as API potentially available upon approval (inclusive of potential for 6 months for pediatric indication)

Compounding Pharmacies

If VP-102 is approved, traditional compounding pharmacies will NOT be able to continue compounding cantharidin regularly or in inordinate amounts, except under patient specific circumstances as prescribed by a physician.

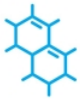
The FDA has the authority to regulate compounders. Improper compounding can result in monetary fines plus felony convictions in case of repeat offenses and intent to fraud/mislead.

Manufacturing

VP-102 has the potential to address stability issues with standard packaging and container/ closure systems

Limited commercial CMOs with facilities for handling highly potent and highly flammable liquid products

Entered into a supply agreement for naturally-sourced cantharidin; subject to specified minimum annual purchase orders and forecasts, supplier agreed that it will not supply cantharidin, any beetles or other raw material from which cantharidin is derived to any other customer in North America



True Generic Unlikely

Unlikely to receive approval under an ANDA due to uniqueness from patent pending protection and significant differences likely between Ycanth™ (VP-102) and potential competitors

Cannot do traditional PK/bioequivalence study (no blood level profile for Ycanth™ (VP-102))

May require new clinical studies with new formulation and new delivery approach that shows equivalence without violating any of Verrica's IP

OVERVIEW OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

	KEY CLAIMS AND PATENT APPLICATIONS	VALUE TO VERRICA
1	Our specific formulation, YCANTH™ (VP-102), key safety additions and novel cantharidin formulations (PCT/US2014/052184)	May prevent generics from copying our ether-free formulation or from making similar formulations
	Single use applicator containing cantharidin formulations (PCT/US2014/052184)	May prevent generics from utilizing a single-use applicator for cantharidin that contains both a glass ampule to maintain product stability and a filter placed prior to dispensing tip, which helps increase administration accuracy and prevents direct contact with skin
2	Specific design of our commercial applicator (PCT/US2018/036353)	May prevent generics from utilizing a similar applicator
3	Methods of use for cantharidin in the treatment of molluscum (PCT/US2018/037808 and PCT/US2018/036353)	May prevent generics from a similar treatment regimen and label
4	Methods for purifying cantharidin and analyzing cantharidin or cantharidin solutions (PCT/US2016/14139)	May force generics to find alternative methodologies to produce GMP cantharidin or determine if their API or drug product is GMP compliant
5	Methods for complete cantharidin synthesis (PCT/US2015/066487)	Synthetic version would reduce risks of outside contaminants and environmental factors affecting the naturally-sourced API. May prevent generics competing with a synthetic version of cantharidin

Any patents issued from our applications are projected to expire between 2034 and 2039, excluding any patent term adjustment and patent term extensions

Our Opportunity in Common Warts

VERRUCA VULGARIS (COMMON WARTS)

OVERVIEW

Caused by human papilloma virus (HPV)

Infects patients of all ages

Persistent infection, highly refractory

Typically 2-5 lesions

No FDA approved drug for the treatment of common warts

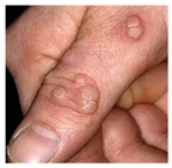
ETIOLOGY AND CLINICAL PRESENTATION

Transmission

- Skin to skin contact
- Touching of contaminated objects

Diagnosis & Symptoms

- Dome shaped flesh-colored lesions commonly on the hands, fingers, knees or elbows
- Lesions may occur in groups or in a linear pattern
- Lesions can cause considerable pain and discomfort, may spread with skin trauma, and can be itchy



Complications

- Scarring may occur
- Dyspigmentation of affected areas
- Bacterial superinfection of lesions
- Irritation, pain, and redness of surrounding skin

VERRICA PHARMACEUTICALS

WE HAVE SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED A PHASE 2 STUDY (COVE-1) IN COMMON WARTS

Study Design

Efficacy, safety & tolerability

Open label study with two cohorts

Cohort 1: one center
Cohort 2: four centers

Endpoints

Primary
Percent of subjects with complete clearance of all treatable warts (baseline and new) at Day 84

Secondary
Percent of subjects achieving complete clearance of all treatable warts at Visits 2, 3, and 4
Change from baseline in number (%) of treatable warts at Day 84

Patients

Cohort 1: 21 subjects 2+ years of age with common warts, who have not received any type of treatment within the past 14 days

Cohort 2: 35 subjects 12+ years of age with common warts, who have not received any type of treatment within the past 14 days

Application

Study drug (VP-102) is administered topically to each treatable wart to a maximum of 4 applications

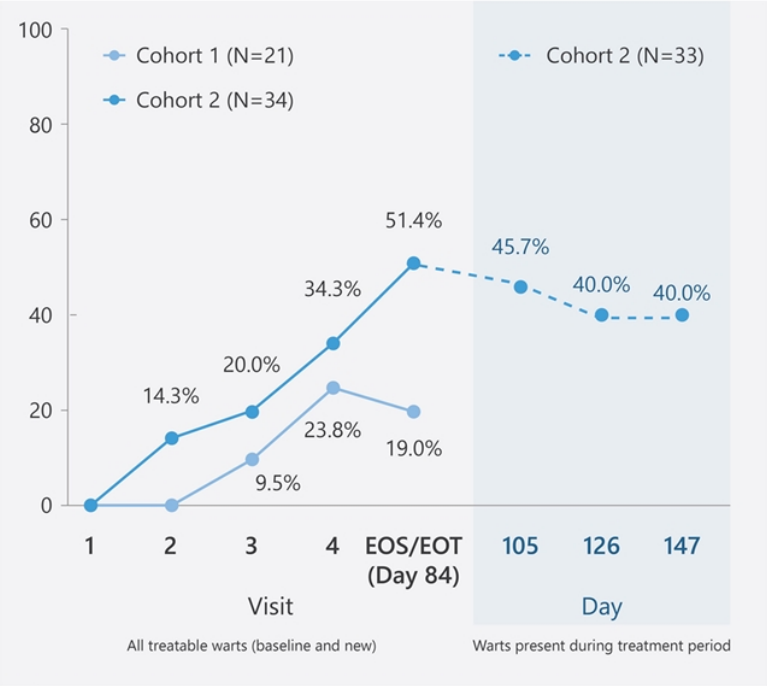
Cohort 1 is treated until clear, Cohort 2 receives one additional treatment at the first visit clearance was observed up to a maximum of 4 total applications

Frequency of administration is at least 14 days (Cohort 1) or 21 days (Cohort 2)

Paring was allowed in Cohort 2

VP-102 will be left on for 24 hours before removal with soap and warm water

VP-102 DEMONSTRATED CLINICALLY MEANINGFUL EFFICACY ON PRIMARY ENDPOINT OF COMPLETE CLEARANCE IN COVE-1 STUDY



DISCONTINUATION RATES FOR COVE-1

	Cohort 1 VP-102 (N=21)	Cohort 2 VP-102 (N=35)
Discontinued (total, N(%))	4 (19.0%)	2 (5.7%)
Lost to follow-up	2 (9.5%)	1 (2.9%)
Withdrawal by subject	2 (9.5%)	0
Protocol violation	0	1 (2.9%)

SIGNIFICANT RECENT AND EXPECTED MILESTONES

	DATE	EVENT
☑	1Q 2019	Positive topline results from two pivotal Phase 3 trials in molluscum
☑	2Q 2019	Positive topline results from Phase 2 trial in common warts
☑	2Q 2019	Initiate Phase 2 trial in external genital warts
☑	3Q 2019	Ycanth™ (VP-102) NDA submission in molluscum
☑	4Q 2019	FDA acceptance of Ycanth™ (VP-102) NDA submission in molluscum
☑	4Q 2019	VP-103 IND submission in plantar warts
⬡	1H 2020	Initiate pivotal Phase 3 trials in common warts
⬡	Mid 2020	Initiate Phase 2 trial in plantar warts
⬡	2H 2020	Ycanth™ (VP-102) PDUFA Goal Date July 13, 2020 in molluscum
⬡	2H 2020	Topline results from Phase 2 trial in external genital warts
⬡	2H 2020	Commercial launch of Ycanth™ (VP-102) for molluscum